# Summary of the 1933 Census of Service Establishments, Places of Amusement, and Hotels

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SERVICE establishments and places of amusement were canvassed for the first time as part of the 1933 Census of American Business, and thus the results provide the only official data of this nature available. Although a census of hotels was taken in 1930, the canvass was restricted to hotels having 25 or more guest rooms, while the late census included all hotels, regardless of size.

Owing to the peculiar difficulties inherent in a canvass of establishments of this nature, the special problems confronting any new type of census enumeration, and the occasional misinterpretation by enumerators of official instructions, irregularities, and deficiencies in coverage no doubt exist.

Service establishments and places of amusement covered by the census comprise only those primarily engaged in service activities, or in providing amusement. There are, of course, many retail, wholesale, and manufecturing establishments which perform numerous services identical or similar to those performed by service establishments. Data for such establishments are included in the reports for the retail, wholesale, or manufactures census, as their

major activities fall in these fields. In particular, automobile repair shops are included in the retail census for the reason that an important part of this business is the sale of parts; billiard parlors are frequently operated as an adjunct to eigar stores, drinking places, and other establishments selling merchandise, and as such are included in the retail census.

Aside from the kind of business classifications shown in table 1, more than 200 other kinds of business were canvassed, the data for which are included in the "all other" groups. The 62 classifications presented represent, therefore, the more important kinds of business based on volume of receipts and the frequency with which they occur in the various States. Among those included in the census but not shown separately are amusement parks, athletic fields, bathing beaches, airports, race tracks, riding academies, laundry agencies, bottle exchanges, broadcasting stations, freight forwarders, bioycle repair shops, musical instrument repair shops, and a number of other classes of repair shops. Data for a number of these classifications are incomplete.

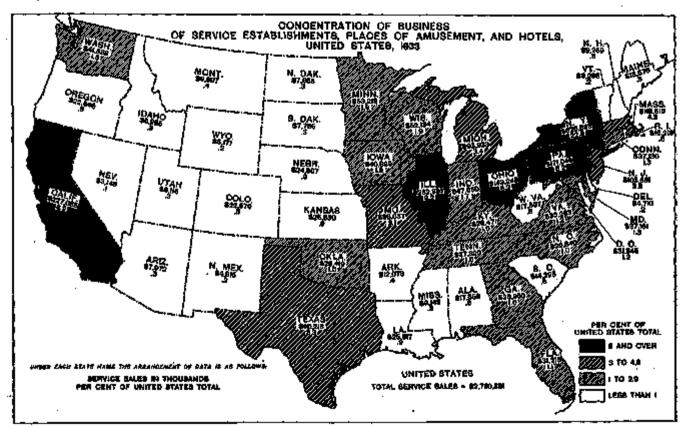


Table 1.—Summary of Service Establishments, Places of Amusement, and Hotels, for the United States, by Kind of Business, 1933

[Receipts and pay roll expressed in thousands of dell'are]

Kind of business	Number	Receipts			Total reported	Full time em- ployees		Part time on- playees	
	ments dep-	Ampoint	Percent of United States total	Proprie- tors	pay colle buil (time and port time	Average	Рау год	y varage	Pay roll
United States, total	500, 410	<b>5,</b> 7 <b>6</b> 0, 881	300.00	568, 646	<b>303, 684</b>	667, <b>49</b> 1	0 LU, 784	840, 619	8L, 909
Secrites cale hill character, teled	440, 9L7	1, 784, 114	69.48	480, 460	437, 917	888, 190	#74, <b>\$</b> 51	140, 824	64, 449
Personal pervice: Barber alto es		904 367	7.49	125,709	M4 MT7	71 747	BD 420	19 150	6.497
Beauty partors. Ciscalag, dycing, pressing, elleration, and repair shops; and valet shops. Costume rental ageories Funeral disectors and embalance. Fur repair and storage shops. Leandrise, bend (not including power labories). Photographic adjuster.	12,078 53,459 206 12,655 1,210 12,601 2,150	904, 387 114, 795 135, 611 2, 190 172, 936 5, 066 35, 616 31, 673 97, 143 10, 031	4.91 4.91 6.25 1.29	15,807 48,806 15,571 1,486 10,262 8,036 52,781 7,722	88, 507 88, 974 20, 521 27, 071 1, 070 9, 784 7, 713 11, 681	7-347 45-324 25-44-4 10-44-4 10-44-8 1	52,050 86,616 21,244 646 23,746 814 5,219 6,375 10,347	18, 128 6, 905 12, 080 161 9, 280 2, 603 1, 848 4, 748 1, 508	6, 137 8, 363 6, 027 90 3, 328 1, 467 938 1, 434 270
Shot-repair stops. Shot-thire periors (including hat eleaning) Other personal carvioss.	2,819	10,033	3.16 -26 -27	1,122	11,681 2,014 2,769	12, 876 2, 830 2, 637	1, 665 2, 639	3,508 850	270
Business struine: Adjustment and oradit bureaus and collection againess. Adjustment and oradit bureaus and collection againess. Adjustment and oradit bureaus advartising againess. Business and tracking enablishments (local basiling). Desires and tracking enablishments (local basiling). Desires advice. Duplicating, addressing, mailing, and mailing list service. Lipen supply service. Photo-finiabing inhematories. Sign painting shope. Storage warehouses. Other business services.	072 461 980 3, 007	174, 575 8, 640 8, 980 8, 786 17, 713	1, 27 5, 89 5, 33 - 31 - 32 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34	J, 225 J, 101 296 29, 196 683 1, 024 074 1, 908 1, 908 1, 700	15, 841 20, 702 1, 185 57, 301 4, 130 3, 076 6, 784 1, 522 2, 401 24, 416 44, 282	11, 496 11, 542 1, 041 30, 201 2, 378 5, 709 6, 274 1, 360 10, 548 30, 248	14, 847 28, 263 1, 148 40, 451 2, 841 1, 850 3, 452 1, 778 21, 236 34, 881	931 9, 767 95 20, 478 2, 900 878 203 203 1, 140 24, 136	444 1, 659 27, 57 10, 550 290 294 878 131 124 3, 180 10, 281
Automobile broke repair, relining, and udjustment abopt Automobile point shops Automobile reliator shops Automobile top and body repair shops  Blacksmith shops Cablocimaker and corpenser repair shops	241 1,084 1,157 3,636 20,257 2,009	5,734 3,750	.74	235 2, 009 1, 306 4, 276 22, 086 2, 323	530 1, 024 784 6, 381 2, 681	400 1, 211 602 4, 040 2, 682 368	503 1, 221 623 6, 254 1, 803 869	56. 778 204 1, 876 1, 701 828	27 403 192 1, 997 678 208
Strongs wereloness Other business services Mechanical repeir services Authorobie broks repeir, reliable, and adjustment shops Automobile point shaps Automobile reliator shops Automobile reliator shops Automobile reliator shops Cabloetmaker and carpenter repeir shaps Electrical repeir shops (not including retail stores with received repeir departments) Elevator service (repeir). Elevator service (repeir). Haroets, leather, and shop repeir shops. Locksmith and guasmith shops. Mattress recovering and repeir shops. Plambing and heating repeir shops. Radio repeir shops (not including deplets in radics) Bays and tool sherpesing sprives. The repeir shops (not including retail the design) Typewriter repeir shops (not including retail the design) Typewriter repeir shops (not including retail the design) Uphabitery and turniture rapeir shops. Watch, clock, and jewelry repeir shops. Watch, clock, and jewelry repeir shops. Welding shops. Other unchanical requir services. Miscallanteous services	2,201 1,41 2,490 1,987 4,90 4,50 2,15 4,76 2,64 4,76 2,54 5,96 2,54 5,96 2,54 5,96	1, 648 2, 890 3, 272 1, 294 37, 217 6, 145 11, 049 10, 050 14, 050	.06 .10 .05 .06 .22 .00 .43 .04	2, 801 2, 138 2, 108 2, 108 7, 418 5, 078 3, 400 5, 114 10, 144 2, 104 4, 754	180 600 203 6, 289 692 1, 547 2, 004	7, 303 318 217 416 266 3, 447 650 244 1, 572 1, 401 1, 302 1, 401 1, 302 1, 906	446 140 (20) 3, 856 843 11, 838 17, 138 1, 138	163 157 4,081 306 80 2,075 54 40 1,223	086 100 37 77 63 2,733 146 44 1,265 25 17 837 482 482 1,067
Miscaliantous styries: Autombile lamidrité (not including automobile lamidries operated by filling stations, garages, etc.). Automobile trait styries. Dislosciant and externibusiting service. Exployeant agnodes (unt including government-operated syntoles). Garages (attores). Howelttehing, embrodery, and traitopholing shops. Parking jobs open foot including parking jobs openated by falling stations. Tourist comparison (not including compared as advances to filling	738 351 321 783 2,127 982	3, 147 3, 274 1 14, 197 1, 620	:04	1,000	1, 292 1, 197 3, 198 387	3,028 3,619 494	1, 452 1, 145 1, 185 2, 646 317	21.6 336 181 518 206	304 181 146 60 238 80
reprint comps (not including comps operated as edjanets to filling stations).	3, 159 5, 840	1		,,,,,	-1.		-,		
stations) Window cleaning service. Other miscellaneous services.	388	£ 103	.19	. Γ΄ <b>έ</b> μ	9,100	5,755	2.00	1,683	440
Amtaements, intel		+			_			-	10, 890
Billiard and paol parkers, and hawking alleys.  Dance balls.  Sketing rinks.	_  2,633	31,710 10,248 1,000	.39	1,41	1 3,886	9, 911 2,58 241	8,730 2,841 22	7, 076 5, 384	1, 764 1, 614
Theatore, total	10, 26	5 415, 183	18.84	8,378	26, 422	82, 130		<del>-</del>	4,00
Theology—legitimate stage and opera Theology—motion picture Theology—motion picture and vandaville.	12 0,490 04	8, 801 385, 316 80, 226	.31 12.91 1.80	2,02	71,461	1, 163 54, 034 7, 92	3, 457 67,005 10,005	11,698 711	4.44
Other amusements, total		_		5, 28		-			
Wolela, lokal.	19,48	61.6, <del>6</del> 4.9	16.67	33,68	146,988	913, 919	129,74	3), 300	6, 63
Year-sound, total.	27, 12	443, 941		30,71	140, 073	208, 870	134,74	24, 945	6, 27
American plan.  Boropean plan.  Mixed—American and European.	4,04- 18,934 6,14	5 409 LO	1.22 14.64 2.64	5,007 20,500 5,100	9,240 316,295 18,440	167, 330	8,70 111,42 14,65	1,936 15,849 7 3,170	4, 90 89
Bassanal, total	2,83	92, 30		2,07	5,80	8,841	5,01	3 , 45	
American plan	1,25	12,500 4,300 5,490	.44 .24	1,60 71 69	3,070 103 1,290	1,00 2,00	2, pm 88 6 1, 22	540 3 142 1 263	108 60 78

A number of kinds of business which might reasonably be regarded as service establishments or places of amusement were not included in the canvass. Certain businesses were excluded because they are being covered by some other adequate statistical series, and in other cases the nature of the business was such as to make it virtually impossible to secure accurate data on a census basis relative to its activites. The more important kinds of business excluded, not already noted, were power laundries, transportation companies, boarding houses, educational institutions,

real-estate activities, and insurance companies, nor does the census include doctors, lawyers, dentists, and others performing professional and scientific services.

#### CONCENTRATION OF BUSINESS

The accompanying map, based on the results of the census, shows that more than 50 percent of the total business of service establishments, places of amusement, and hotels, of the United States is concentrated in five States: New York, Illinois, California,

Table 2.—Summary of Service Establishments, Places of Amusement, and Hotele, by States, 1983 [Receipts and pay roll expressed in thousands of dollars]

Stado	of estab.	Rank se- cording to volume of business	Receipts			Total	Full≺ime amployees Pari-time employee			employee:
			Amount	Percent of United States total	Proprie- tors	reported pay tell fulf time and part time	Average bumber	Pey soll	Average number	Pry roll
Vasted States, total	502, 416		1, 780, 88L	J##. NO	M5,444	765, 584	657, <b>48</b> L	010, TB4	292, 519	81, 804
Now Regiand, total	56,789		188, 981	7.2	10, 164	83, 006	46, 000	44, 486	14,170	6,680
Connecticut. Malos. Marachysets. New Hampshire. Rheds Island	6,788 3,618 19,720 2,000 2,841 1,750	17 36 88 22 45	37, 130 28, 676 138, 686 9, 266 13, 216 0, 265	12 .6 43 .3 .0	7, 013 4,008 20, 343 2,305 3,030 1,916	0, 228 1,975 33, 289 1, 100 4, 007 1, 406	8, 006 3, 517 27, 002 1, 971 3, 312 1, 729	8, 616 2, 450 29, 263 1, 874 3, 487 1, 228	2,739 1,186 7,072 690 1,114 470	1, 214 480 3, 89 221 43 18
Middle Atlantic, total	199, 860	<u>-</u>	801, 633	82.8	290, 976	217, 690	186,709	194, 841	<i>67,873</i>	29, 945
Now Jersy Now York Pennsylvaph	20, 012 04, 196 36, 142	7 1	100, 691 020, 899 171, 049	3.8 22.8 6.2	21, 533 70, 784 38, 561	24, 024 350, 200 42, 200	20, 854 108, 586 38, 863	21, 305 135, 096 36, 546	7, 183 27, 281 13, 500	8,315 18,205 5,711
East Martin Gentral, total	108, 243		880,968	11.4	117,968	154, 545	184, 383	154, 315	46,964	38,38
Titioais	34, 173 13, 020 16, 680 20, 528 12, 530	13 5 6 13	252, 063, 47, 050 93, 933 143, 248 62, 194	0.2 3.7 3.4 6.2 1.0	86, 201 14, 617 20, 189 32, 354 13, 740	66, 226 11, 758 24, 149 38, 840 12, 069	68, 024 12, 706 24, 384 37, 324 11, 008	88, 714 6, 816 21, 429 34, 082 30, 175	16,568 4,276 7,355 11,202 8,442	7, 51; 1, 44; 2, 72; 4, 78; 1, 80
West Mostle Central, total	61, 500		201, 210	8.9	67, 567	99, 441	64, 434	64, 884	15,410	7, 87
Town Kansa Minesota Missori Nebraska Night Dakola	11,037 17,091 7,640	18 25 11 10 28 43 43	40, 698 25, 830 53, 213 88, 037 24, 907 7, 686 7, 786	16 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	12, 700 0, 613 12, 100 18, 632 8, 456 2, 638 3, 638	8, 500 6, 473 13, 071 24, 587 6, 406 1, 444 1, 671	9, 089 7, 224 13, 327 24, 361 0, 005 1, 887 1, 400	7, 354 4, 727 11, 614 22, 996 4, 621 1, 986 1, 966	3,860 2,612 3,808 6,062 2,317 633 720	1, 15, 74 1, 45 2, 58 77 16
South Atlantia, total	64, 100		893, 876	1.8	41,61	60, 716	78,084	19,498	19,449	6,00
Dolaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina Senth Guolina Visitina West Vinginia	0, 289 6, 825 6, 227 3, 854 7, 406	45 19 20 24 16 25 34 14 31	4, 710 21, 846 21, 215 20, 047 37, 161 20, 846 14, 395 33, 243 17, 497	1.0	7, 100 7, 188 7, 048 4, 178 7, 904	1, 098 8, 603 8, 439 7, 221 9, 829 7, 107 3, 874 9, 119 4, 334	1, 992 8, 849 10, 716 10, 739 5, 256 1, 907 30, 977 5, 199	927 8, 174 7, 084 6, 617 8, 629 6, 616 3, 240 7, 946 3, 884	400 L 044 2,270 2,273 2,838 2,593 2,740 3,807 1,404	177 422 833 643 1, 340 43 1, 240
East South Control, total		+41,22,	88,990	1.9	34, 439	21,847	30,954	19, 295	7,991	\$, N
Alebame Kanturky Masimippi Tenpense	2,771	32 21 32 23	17, 550 28, 471 9, 143 27, 830	1.0	E, 922	6, 252 6, 817 2, 360 7, 425	7, 477 8, 497 3, 933 10, 357	4, 517 6, 956 2, 101 6, 67)	2, 333 2, 398 1, 043 2, 277	73 83 24 74
West South Central; lotel			148, 318		44, 347	41, 675	<u> </u>	3%, 69£		4,21
Artoneau Lauklans Oklaheine.	4, 345 5, 663 8, 574 21, 110	36 27 22	12, 070 28, 017 20, 419 00, 213	1.0 3.3	I €701	2, 208 7, 202 7, 252 20, 951	4,678 6,131 8,431 30,014	2,592 5,825 9,615 31,659	2,449 2,212	2) 9) 6) 2,2)
Mountain, total	18,460	<b>+ * •</b> •	<b>98, 513</b>		14, 144	<del></del>				8,00
Artzona Colorado Idaho Hoptana Newalia New Mierico Utah Wyoming	. 2,400 541 1,258 1,974 1,159	49 49 40 40	4.816 8,110	.1	2,770 #88 1,434 2,748	1, 211	2,800	1,774	757	11 62 21 21 21 22 21 22 21 22 21 22 22 22 22
Pacific, total	40, 924	Ĭ	. R91, 199	La, B	53, 861	79, 610	\$6,755	66, 047	<b>9</b> 6, 181	19,4
California. Oragon. Washington.	. 1,805	30 14	227,060 23,640 41,668	8.2 .8 1.5	39,020 5,492 8,750	01, 200 0, 013 11, 213	80, 684 6, 270 10, 271	\$2, 144 4, 729 8, 104	18, 818 2, 427 4, 858	2, 14 1, 22 2, 00

Pennsylvania, and Ohio. Ten States account for more than two-thirds of the total. While the same five States lead in the volume of retail trade (although they rank differently), they account for less than 43 percent of the total retail business.

Naturally enough, per capita expenditures for services, emusements, and hotels are largest in those States which have a preponderance of urban population, particularly in the States in which the larger cities are located. The annual per capita expenditures for 48 States and the District of Columbia ranged from less than \$5 in Mississippi to more than \$65 in the District of Columbia. In the South the annual per capita expenditures ran consistently lower than the average for the Nation, with the exception of the States of Maryland and Florida, both of which approximated the United States average of \$22.49.

# IMPORTANCE OF INDIVIDUAL KINDS OF BUSINESS

Of the 443,217 service establishments enumerated 117,832, or more than a fourth, were barber shops. Cleaning and pressing shops ranked second with 55,459 establishments; shoe repair shops third with 50,425; beauty parlots fourth with 42,073; cartage and trucking establishments engaged primarily in local handing fifth with 23,102; and blacksmith shops sixth with 20,257. These same six kinds of business have 52 percent of the employees, pay 45 percent of the wages and salaries, and account for 43 percent of the total receipts of all service establishments enumerated.

From the standpoint of full-time employment (exclusive of proprietors actually engaged in the business), barber shops ranked first, employing 71,347 persons; beauty parlors, second, with 42,733 employees; cartage and trucking, third, with 39,291; cleaning and pressing, fourth, with 28,274; storage warehouses, fifth, with 16,543; and funeral directors and embalmers, sixth, with 16,414 employees. Of the 356,190 persons employed full time in the service industries, 214,602 or 60 percent were employed in the six above-mentioned kinds of establishments.

Hotels may reasonably be regarded as a part of the service group, but because of the unique position they occupy in this field, they are classified separately. The 29,462 hotels for which reports were secured gave employment to 213,919 full-time employees and 21,908 part-time employees, paid wages in 1933 aggregating \$146,208,000 out of total receipts for the year of \$515,549,000. If ranked with the service group, hotels would be first from the standpoint of both receipts and employment, representing 23 percent of the receipts, 32 percent of the employees, and 25 percent of the service pay roll.

In the amusement group, billiard parlors and bowling alleys ranked first, from the standpoint of number, with 11,488 establishments; and theaters, second, with 10,265 establishments. Together, these two kinds of amusement enterprises represented nearly 73 percent of the total places of amusement in the country. Based on receipts, theaters came first, with \$415,153,000, and billiard parlors and bowling alleys, second, with receipts of \$31,710,000.

## **EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES**

The 502,416 service establishments, places of amusement, and hotels in the United States gave employment in 1933 to a total of 1,406,444 persons, of which 546,444 were proprietors, 657,481 full-time employees, and 202,519 part-time employees. The large number of proprietors is explained by the fact that corporations are far in the minority in this field, most of the establishments being small businesses carried on by the proprietor without paid employees. The total number of full-time paid employees amounted to an average of only 1.31 per establishment. These employees received annual wages aggregating \$619,785,000, or an average of \$943 per employee. Part-time employees numbered 202,519, with an average compensation of \$404.

The changes in employment in service establishments, places of amusement, and hotels during 1933 is shown in table 3.

### RBMARKS ON THE TABLES

In drawing definite conclusions from the details of the accompanying tables, it should be borne in mind that the irregularities and deficiencies in coverage are more pronounced in certain classifications than in others. Establishments of a seasonal character were frequently not in operation at the time of the enumerator's visit and he was, therefore, unable to secure the census report.

Owing to certain field conditions over which the Bureau had no control, there is reason to believe that the canvass in the State of Pennsylvania was not entirely complete. After consideration, no attempts have been made to adjust the data for apparent underenumeration.

Table 3.—Employment in Service Establishments, Places of Amusement, and Hotels, by Months, 1933

усоптр		es employ-	Part-time employ- ses			
	Number	Percent of average	Number	Percent of		
Average for year	067, 481	100.0	202, 519	100.0		
January Pebruary	010,708	98.0 98.7	180, 206 181, 481	89.0 89.6		
March	020, 344	98.7 98.1 97.5	184, 354 190, 945 196, 106	91.5 PM.3 98.0		
John John John John John John John John		100.0 192.8 161.7	203, 476 202, 319 207, 602	100. 5 99. 9 102. 5		
September October	690, 414 685, 228	105. U	218, 212 220, 651	105. 2 100. 1		
November	080, 883 686, 684	104.3 10£.7	220, <b>66</b> 7 231, 754	199.1		